

POSITIONED TO UNLOCK THE VALUE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST ABOVE-GROUND METAL RESOURCE

CSE: CDPR OTC: GPPRF FRA: N8HP February 4, 2025



Certain statements contained in this presentation constitute "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements" under Canadian securities legislation. Generally, forward-looking information can be identified using forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "seeks", "expects", "estimates", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "could", "might", "likely" or variations of such words, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "will", "could", "might", "will be taken", "occur", "be achieved" or other similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements contained herein include, but are not limited to, the expectations of CDPR's management regarding the completion of any transaction as well as the business and the expansion and growth of CDPR's operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof and are based upon certain assumptions and other important fact and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors discussed in the most recent continuous disclosure documents of CDPR available under CDPR's profile at www.sedar.com. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. As a consequence, current plans, anticipated actions, and future financial position and results of operations may differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statements in this presentation. Although CDPR believes that the assumptions and factors used in preparing the forward-looking statements are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on these statements and forward-looking information. Except where required by applicable law, CDPR disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information or otherwise.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Estimates of Mineral Resource

The mineral resource estimates reported in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Canadian securities laws, which differ from the requirements of United States' securities laws. The CIM Definition Standards differ from the definitions in the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Guide 7 (the "SEC Guide 7"). The terms "mineral resource", "Measured mineral resource", "Indicated mineral resource" and "Inferred mineral resource" are defined in NI 43-101 and recognized by Canadian securities laws but are not defined terms under SEC Guide 7 or recognized under U.S. securities laws. Readers are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be upgraded to mineral resources. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an "Inferred mineral resource" will ever by upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian securities laws, estimates of "Inferred mineral resources" may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Readers are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists or is economically or legally mineable.

Mineral resources are not mineral reserves, and do not have demonstrated economic viability, but do have reasonable prospects for economic extraction. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by geology, environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issues. Measured and Indicated mineral resources are sufficiently well defined to allow geological and grade continuity to be reasonably assumed and permit the application of technical and economic parameters in assessing the economic viability of the resource. Inferred mineral resources are estimated on limited information not sufficient to verify geological and grade continuity or to allow technical and economic parameters to be applied. Inferred mineral resources are too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them to enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies or economic studies except for Preliminary Assessment as defined under NI 43-101. Readers are cautioned not to assume that further work on the stated resources will lead to mineral reserves that can be mined economically.

Technical Information

Alfonso Palacio Castilla, MIMMM/Chartered Engineer (CEng) and Project Superintendent for CDPR, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation. Mr. Palacio is a Qualified Person for the purposes of reporting in compliance with NI 43-101.



THE PASCO STORY Spanish Discovery to JP Morgan's Investment & U.S. Expansion



17th-18th Century Major silver producer under Spanish rule



1864 Cerro de Pasco Minerals Railway built

1901-1902 JP Morgan funds Cerro de Pasco Corporation



1533 Spanish document silver in Cerro de Pasco





THE PASCO STORY Economic Growth & Challenges to a Modern Era & Legacy





1922 La Oroya Smelter modernizes operations



slows mining

1929

1974 Peruvian government nationalizes Cerro de Pasco

2012 to Present **CDPR** acquires tailings and stockpile concession with a focus on reprocessing and remediation





EL METALURGISTA CONCESSION AND SOCIAL LICENSE

ONE OF THE LARGEST ABOVE-GROUND METAL RESOURCES IN THE WORLD



THE EL METALURGISTA CONCESSION

¹¹neral Right

ONE OF THE LARGEST ABOVE-GROUND METAL RESOURCES IN THE WORLD



EXCELSIOR MINERAL PILE

QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS



QUIULACOCHA HISTORICAL TAILINGS AGEq

Not 43-101 compliant. The tables are based on historical metallurgical balances and historical records. The purpose is to provide an indication of the resource that will be encountered in the tailings to gauge project potential.

	Tonnes (000s)	Average Head Grade and Recovery					Price (USD)		
Mining Period		Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Cu	9,000	Tonne
Copper Era (1906-1965)	16,369	4.0			200	7	Pb	2,000	Tonne
	10,509	4.0			200	5	Zn	3000	Tonne
Polymetallic Era (1952-1992)	58,299		3.3	8.6	98		Ag	30	Ounce
Average Recovery (%)		60%	60%	75%	60%	60%	Au	2,500	Ounce

Mining Period	Tonnes (000s)	Estimated Average Tailings Grade				Estimated Contained Metal						
		Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Cu (kt)	Pb (kt)	Zn (kt)	Ag (Moz)	Au (koz)	AgEq (Moz)
Copper Era (1906-1965)	16,369	1.6			80	1.2	262			47	632	178
Polymetallic Era (1952- 1992)	58,299		1.3	2.2	39			758	1283	73		252
												430
							18%	12%	30%	28%	12%	100%



HISTORIC EASEMENT

- Land Easement Secured: In May 2024, CDPR received a Supreme Resolution granting access to the El Metalurgista Concession for a 40-hole drilling campaign.
- Dispute Resolved: The resolution settled a dispute with AMSAC and confirmed rights to explore and reprocess ~75 million tonnes of historic tailings.
- Formalities Completed: On May 29, 2024, CDPR finalized necessary steps including a payment to the National Bank—paving the way for exploration and remediation







QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS – PHASE 1 DRILLING





QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS – SAMPLE STORAGE





Freezer truck on site to preserve microstructural integrity and prevent oxidation.



QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS – ASSAY RESULTS TO DATE



32 out of 40 drillholes assayed

Average grades to date



* Metal prices Ag = \$30/oz Pb = \$2,000/t Zn = \$3,000/t Cu = \$9,000/t Au = \$2,500/oz



GALLIUM & CRITICAL MINERALS

- > China's latest export ban to the U.S. of gallium, germanium and antimony - considered critical for national security – is China's weapon of choice in the escalating US-China tech trade war
- Sallium is increasingly being chosen over traditional silicon for high-performance chips in semiconductor defense applications to boost performance, speed and efficiency
- The U.S. was 100% reliant on imports of gallium last year with China accounting for 21% of metal imports, according to the United States Geological Survey (USGS)
- » The export restrictions have had a direct impact on prices for these critical minerals. Gallium jumps to highest level since 2011





QUIULACOCHA TSF

POTENTIAL ECONOMICS BASED ON INTERNAL PROJECTIONS

QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS – 75M TONNES



METAL	GRADE	PRICE	VALUE /TONNE
Zinc	1.46 %	\$3000	\$44
Lead	0.89 %	\$2000	\$18
Silver	1.66 oz	\$30	\$50
Gold	0.01 oz	\$2500	\$25
Copper	0.35 %	\$9000	\$32



IN-SITU VALUE /TONNE	100%	\$168
Avg. Metal Recovery of 41.5%	(x) 41.5%	\$70
Treatment/Refining Charges (Avg. 28%)	(x) 72%	\$50
NSR / tonne	(=)	\$50
NSR/TONNE	(+)	\$50
OPEX Cost / tonne	(-)	\$10
Profit per tonne	(=)	\$40
Profit on 75M tonnes	LoM	\$3.01B
Scenario 10k tonnes per day / 3.6 tpa	Annum	\$145M

Notes: Grades based on recent assay results (Zn, Pb, Ag, Ga, In) and historical reports (Au, Cu) Economics are based on Internal Projections - Not NI 43-101 compliant and should only be used to gauge project potential



QUIULACOCHA TSF

POTENTIAL ECONOMICS BASED ON INTERNAL PROJECTIONS (UPSIDE CASE)**

QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS – 75M TONNES



METAL	GRADE	PRICE	VALUE /TONNE	
Zinc	1.46 %	\$3000/t	\$44	
Lead	0.89 %	\$2000/t	\$18	
Silver	1.66 oz	\$30/oz	\$50	
Gold	0.01 oz	\$2500/oz	\$25	
Copper	0.35 %	\$9000/t	\$32	
Gallium	53.6 g	550/kg	\$29	
Indium	19.6 g	350/kg	\$7	
		VALUE /TOI		
Avg. Met	tal Recover	y of 70%		
Treatme	nt/Refining	Charges (Av	g. 28%)	
NSR / to	nne			
OPEX Cost	t/tonne			

Scenario 20k tonnes per day / 7.2M tpa Annum \$633M ** Upside Case assumes avg. metal recovery of 70%;

processing rate of 20k tonnes per day

Profit per tonne

Profit on 75M tonnes

Notes: Grades based on recent assay results (Zn, Pb, Ag, Ga, In) and historical reports (Au, Cu) Economics are based on Internal Projections - Not NI 43-101 compliant and should only be used to gauge project potential

(=)

LoM



\$88

\$6.6B

2025 CATALYSTS



Layout of the Phase 1 drilling campaign, completed in 2024, and the planned Phase 2 drilling campaign for 2025.

- >> Results of remaining Phase 1 drillholes
- » Mineralogical studies
- » Metallurgical studies
- >> Formalization of claim on surrounding tailings
- Separation Separati
- >> Completion of various site scoping studies:
 - » Geotechnical stability
 - » Hydrogeology & hydrology
 - » Environmental baseline
 - >> Infrastructure trade-off
 - » Logistics and marketing study
 - >> Assessment on mining methods



MOVING QUIULACOCHA TAILINGS BY PUMP PONTOON





CERRO DE PASCO POST CLOSURE (ARTISTIC RENDERING)



CORPORATE OVERVIEW

CSE: CDPR OTCQB: GPPRF FRA: N8HP

SHARE STRUCTURE

Shares Outstanding	491.3 M
Options Outstanding	21.3 M
Warrants Outstanding	171.9 M
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding	684.5 M
Market Capitalization (Jan. 7, 2025)	~CAD 150 M

SHARE OWNERSHIP

Management & Directors	14.5%
Eric Sprott	16.7%
Denis Lavigueur	5.0%



MANAGEMENT TEAM



MANUEL RODRIGUEZ President and Director

30+ years of management and investment experience in the Peruvian mining sector, including SM Austria Duvaz with over 700 workers.



STEVEN ZADKA Executive Chairman

Founding partner of CDPR with 15+ years of transactional and executive management experience in Latin America, USA and Canada.



GUY GOULET Executive Director and CEO

30+ year track record of investment in the mining sector, leading numerous listed ventures in Canada and internationally.



JAMES CARDWELL Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Cardwell has CPA credentialed with over 30 years of C-level experience supporting numerous international clients across various industries.



PYERS GRIFFITH Chief Strategy Officer

30+ years of LATAM investment and management experience, held senior positions in private equity and corporate finance.



PROF. DR. BERNHARD DOLD Chief Technology Officer

Professor with 25+ years of experience in sustainable mining with special emphasis on Peru (Cerro de Pasco) and Chili.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



STEVEN ZADKA Executive Chairman / Member of the Audit, Governance and Compensation Committees

Founding partner of CDPR with 15+ years of transactional and executive management experience in Latin America, USA and Canada.



GUY GOULET Executive Director and CEO

30+ year track record of investment in the mining sector, leading numerous listed ventures in Canada and internationally.



JOHN G. BOOTH, LLM Lead Independent Director / Chair of Audit and Governance Committees

30+ years of international experience in finance, law, ESG and corporate governance of natural resource management, serving on the boards of several listed companies.



EDUARDO LORET DE MOLA Independent Director

35 years of experience in executive and management positions in the operations area, planning and commissioning of mining extraction and exploitation projects in Peru and abroad, in multinational and national mining companies.



MANUEL RODRIGUEZ MARIÁTEGUI Executive Director and President

30+ years of management and investment experience in the Peruvian mining sector, including SM Austria Duvaz with over 700 workers.



JOHN SCOTT CARR Independent Director

John S. Carr is a chemical engineer and cofounder of New Century Resources, leading the restart of the Century Zinc Mine in Australia, now one of the world's top 15 zinc producers. He also co-founded Future Element and Broken Hill Mines and serves as a Non-Executive Director of Future Metals NL (ASX).



RENÉ BRANCHAUD

Partner at Lavery, deBilly, L.L.P., a law firm. He has been a lawyer for more than 35 years. He is also a director or secretary of several mining listed companies.



FRANK HODGSON Independent Director / Member of the

Audit and Governance Committee

30+ years of international experience in finance, law, ESG and corporate governance of natural resource management.

CERRO DE PASCO RESOURCES

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